



STT SERIES SEALED TILT SENSORS

INNOVATION IN MOTION

The Penny+Giles STT series of sealed tilt sensors have been designed to provide reliable, fit-and-forget tilt measurement sensing for the most arduous operating environments. The STT280 is supplied in a compact 28mm diameter body with crush proof inserts in the mounting flange. The larger STT500 is supplied in a rugged, marine grade cast aluminium housing.

These tilt sensors are suitable for use in applications such as road construction equipment, cranes and booms, scissor lifts, agricultural vehicles, container handling and hydraulic lift systems.

The STT series use solid state 3D-MEMS (Micro-Electro-Mechanical Systems) technology to measure the sensor's inclination relative to earth's gravity. They have a measurement range from $\pm 10^{\circ}$ to $\pm 60^{\circ}$ and provide a 0.5 to 4.5Vdc output signal over these angular ranges, with a nominal 2.5Vdc at 0° tilt. By using this technology, the STT series provide distinct advantages in reliability, stability and compactness over fluid based, electrolytic and pendulum operated sensors.

Highly robust, maintenance-free and easy to fit, the Penny+Giles STT series sealed tilt sensors represent cost-effective solutions for demanding tilt measurement applications.



Features

- No moving parts
- High resolution ±0.07°
- Absolute measurement
- Measuring range from ±10° to ±60°
 - Less than 6.5mA supply current
- Choice of compact or rugged styles
 - Protection up to IP69K
 - Rapid dispatch of any option
 - CE approved

Benefits

- Virtually infinite life
- · Capable of sensing the smallest displacement
- No loss of tilt position on power down
- Maximum sensitivity in all applications
- Low power consumption
- · Suitable for extreme environments
- Operation in hostile environments including pressure washing
- Eliminates customer inventory
- Confidence in EMC performance



EMC Directive 2004/108/EEC

The products detailed in this document have been tested to the requirements of EN 61000-4-3

RoHS Directive 2002/95/EEC

The products detailed in this document comply with the RoHS (Restriction of use of certain Hazardous Substances in Electrical and Electronic Equipment) directive 2002/95/EC.



Quality Assurance

Penny+Giles are accredited to BS EN ISO9001:2008 Quality is at the heart of all our systems ensuring the reliability of our products from initial design to final despatch.

Design Statement

The design of model STT500 is subject to Community Registered Design No 000961610-0002

The STT280 and STT500 designs include an Input Protector Circuit (Patent Applied For).

STT series sealed tilt sensors

Innovative, rugged design - superior protection

The STT series have been designed to offer the best combination of materials and mounting styles that ensure survivability in the most rugged applications. We use sealing systems and cable connections that offer superior protection against the most hostile of operating conditions.



Impressive environmental capability

The STT series have been designed with 21st century applications in mind. The STT280 housing is manufactured using high strength corrosion resistant materials and has a protection rating of IP68. The STT500 housing is manufactured using a marine grade aluminium casting and can be supplied with a protection rating to IP69K. Both tilt sensor models can withstand operating temperatures from -40°C to +125°C and have been tested to withstand a 3m drop onto concrete (maximum 20,000g). With an EMC Immunity of 100V/m, these tilt sensors are ready for the harshest applications.



Choice of operating voltages

The STT280 and STT500 can operate from a 5Vdc regulated or 8 – 30Vdc unregulated power supply.

- At 5Vdc the sensor operates from a regulated supply in the range 4.75 to 5.25Vdc and provides a ratiometric output which is 80% of Vsupply over the selected full range angle of tilt, with 50% of Vsupply at 0° tilt.
- Between 8 30Vdc the sensor will operate from an unregulated supply in the range 8 to 30Vdc. The sensor has an internal voltage regulator and provides an output that is absolute and 0.5 to 4.5Vdc over the selected full range angle of tilt, with a nominal 2.5Vdc at 0° tilt.

The sensor circuit has a low supply current level of less than 6.5mA and has over-voltage protection to 40Vdc.

Total reliability

The STT series provide a highly reliable solution for absolute tilt measurement sensing in a variety of applications. The solid state 3D-MEMS technology allows a fit-and-forget installation so that zero maintenance programs can be incorporated within vehicle or equipment service schedules.

World leading availability

The STT series have been 'designed for manufacture' enabling assembly in a state-of the-art manufacturing cell. This means that we can supply either from stock or in a matter of days from ordering. This allows OEMs to reduce or eliminate their inventory, and call on Penny+Giles to supply 'on demand'.

Performance assured

The Penny+Giles product development process includes exhaustive qualification testing to ensure that performance specifications published in our product brochures and technical data sheets are backed by real-life test evidence. This is our assurance to you that our designs have been tested at these parameters.

STT280 SEALED TILT SENSOR

PERFORMANCE

ELECTRICAL

Measurement range $^{\circ}$ ± 10 , ± 20 , ± 30 or ± 60

Supply voltage Vdc 8 to 30 (unregulated) and 5 ± 0.25 (regulated)

Over voltage protection Vdc Up to 40 (-40 to +90°C)

Maximum supply current mA <6.5 Reverse polarity protection Yes

Short circuit protection

Output to GND Yes

Output to supply

In 5V regulated mode only

Power-on settlement time

S <1 to within 1% of final output

Resolution ° ± 0.07

Ideal output law -See Output Characteristics diagram on page 5

5Vdc supply % V output = V supply (k x sin \emptyset +0.5)

8 to 30Vdc supply Vdc V output = $(5 \times k \times \sin \theta + 2.5)$

where ø is angle of inclination

and k = 0.4619 for $\pm 60^{\circ}$ sensor

 $k = 0.8000 \text{ for } \pm 30^{\circ} \text{ sensor}$

k = 1.1695 for $\pm 20^{\circ}$ sensor

k = 2.3035 for $\pm 10^{\circ}$ sensor

Nominal span over measurement range

measurement range 80% of V supply for 5Vdc operation; 4Vdc span for 8-30Vdc operation

Maximum deviation from ideal

output law % <±1% of span

Zero temperature coefficient (ø=0°) °/°C <0.01

Sensitivity temperature coefficient < 0.015% of measured angle/°C Output load Ω 10k minimum (resistive to GND)

Output noise mVrms <1

Frequency response Hz 1.5 (-3dB) nominal

Settling time mS <500 to within 1% of final output

Hysteresis and repeatability $^{\circ}$ ± 0.07

MECHANICAL

Weight g 26

Mounting Use 2 x M4 socket head cap screws and M4 washer (not supplied) - maximum tightening torque 2Nm

Phasing 0° when cable exit is vertically down. See Dimensions, page 5, for output direction

ENVIRONMENTAL

Protection class IP68 to 2m (for 24 hours duration)

Operational temperature[†] °C -40 to +125 (5V supply)

-40 to +123 (8V supply) Derate upper temperature limit by 0.5°C for every 1V increase in supply:

e.g. -40 to +112 @ 30V supply.

Storage temperature °C -55 to +125

Vibration BS EN 60068-2-64: 1995 Sec 8.4 (14gn rms) 20Hz to 2000Hz Random

Shock 3m drop onto concrete (absolute maximum 20,000g)

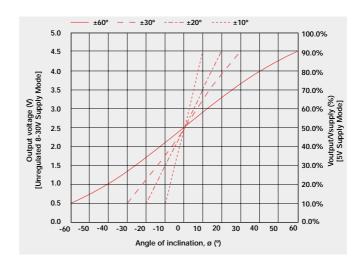
Electromagnetic interference BS EN 61000-4-3: 1999, to 100V/m, 80 MHz to 1GHz and 1.4GHz to 2.7GHz (2004/108/EC)



[‡] Cross-axis sensitivity determines how much inclination perpendicular to the measuring axis couples to the output.

[†] If the maximum operating temperature is exceeded, the voltage regulator will shut down to protect the device from overheating. Data based on max supply current.

OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS



OPTIONS

Measurement range Cable length

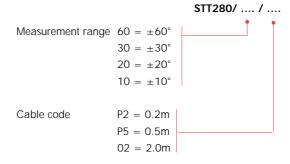
m

Select from $\pm 10^\circ$, $\pm 20^\circ$, $\pm 30^\circ$ or $\pm 60^\circ$. See Ordering Codes 0.2, 0.5 or 2

AVAILABILITY

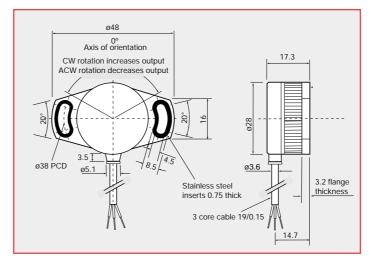
All standard configurations can be supplied rapidly from the factory - check with your local supplier for more details.

ORDERING CODES



DIMENSIONS

Note: drawings not to scale



ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS

0.2, 0.5 or 2m of 3 core cable: PUR sheathed, with PTFE insulated 19/0.15 cores

Cable colour Description

Red +V Supply Yellow Output Black OV Supply (GND)

Output increases with CW rotation viewed on label

When connecting the sensor, care should be taken with the correct connections. The sensor is provided with indefinite reverse polarity protection and short circuit protection between output (Yellow) to GND (Black), but if the output (Yellow) is connected to the supply it will result in device failure.

STT500 sealed tilt sensor

PERFORMANCE

ELECTRICAL

 ± 10 , ± 20 , ± 30 or ± 60 Measurement range

Supply voltage Vdc 8 to 30 (unregulated) and 5 \pm 0.25 (regulated)

Up to 40 (-40 to $+90^{\circ}$ C) Over voltage protection Vdc

Maximum supply current mΑ < 6.5 Yes Reverse polarity protection

Short circuit protection

Output to GND

Output to supply In 5V regulated mode only <1 to within 1% of final output Power-on settlement time S

Resolution

Ideal output law -See Output Characteristics diagram on page 7

V output = V supply (k x sin \emptyset +0.5) 5Vdc supply %

8 to 30Vdc supply Vdc $V output = (5 x k x sin \emptyset + 2.5)$

where ø is angle of inclination

and k = 0.4619 for $\pm 60^{\circ}$ sensor

k = 0.8000 for $\pm 30^{\circ}$ sensor

k = 1.1695 for $\pm 20^{\circ}$ sensor k = 2.3035 for $\pm 10^{\circ}$ sensor

Nominal span over

measurement range 80% of Vsupply for 5Vdc operation; 4Vdc span for 8-30Vdc operation

Maximum deviation from ideal

output law $< \pm 1\%$ of span

Zero temperature

°/°C < 0.01 coefficient (ø=0°)

Sensitivity temperature coefficient <0.015% of measured angle/°C **Output load** 10k minimum (resistive to GND) Ω

Output noise mVrms < 1

Frequency response 1.5 (-3dB) nominal Hz

Settling time mS <500 to within 1% of final output

Hysteresis and repeatability ± 0.07

Cross-axis sensitivity¹ % < 4 of normal axis sensitivity

MECHANICAL

Weight 200 (without cable) g

Mounting Use 3 x M6 (or¹/4UNC) socket head cap screws and suitable washer – maximum tightening

> torque 5-6Nm. Screws are not supplied with the sensor See Dimensions, page 7, for recommended hole positions

Phasing 0° when cable exit/connector is vertically down. See Dimensions, page 7, for output direction

ENVIRONMENTAL

Protection class IP69K with cable codes Bxx

IP67 with cable code C01 (IP69K when mating connectors - see page 8 - are attached and fully engaged)

Operational temperature[†] °C -40 to +125 (5V supply)

-40 to +123 (8V supply) Derate upper temperature limit by 0.5°C for every 1V increase in supply:

e.g. -40 to +112 @ 30V supply.

Storage temperature °C -55 to +125

Vibration BS EN 60068-2-64: 1995 Sec 8.4 (14gn rms) 20Hz to 2000Hz Random

Shock 3m drop onto concrete (absolute maximum 20,000g)

Electromagnetic interference BS EN 61000-4-3: 1999, to 100V/m, 80 MHz to 1GHz and 1.4GHz to 2.7GHz (2004/108/EC)

Salt spray BS EN 60068-2-52: 1996, Test Kb Severity 2 (48 Hrs) Humidity BS EN 60068-2-30: 2005, Severity Db (55°C, 93%RH)

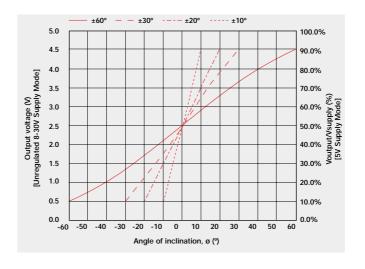




[‡] Cross-axis sensitivity determines how much inclination perpendicular to the measuring axis couples to the output.

[†] If the maximum operating temperature is exceeded, the voltage regulator will shut down to protect the device from overheating. Data based on max supply current.

OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS



OPTIONS

Measurement range Electrical connections Cabled sockets

AVAILABILITY

ORDERING CODES

For no cable option A00. Extra cable can be ordered separately from 1m to 10m length in 1m increments. SA206419/MK

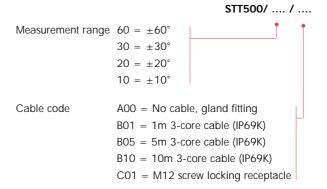
Length ______(1m increments)

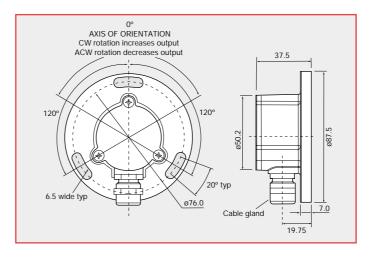
DIMENSIONS

Note: drawings not to scale

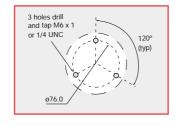
Select from $\pm 10^\circ$, $\pm 20^\circ$, $\pm 30^\circ$ or $\pm 60^\circ$. See Ordering Codes No cable (A00), 1m, 5m, or 10m unscreened cable (Bxx) or M12 receptacle (C01) 1.5, 2, 5 & 10m mating cabled sockets can be ordered separately. See details on page 8

All standard configurations can be supplied rapidly from the factory - check with your local supplier for more details.





SENSOR MOUNTING DETAILS





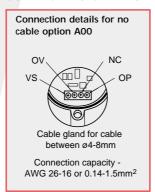
STT500 ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS

ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS

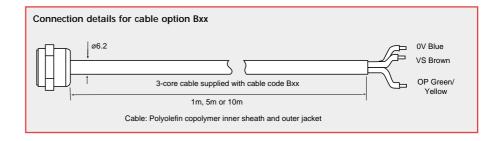
Option A00 – No cable supplied Option Bxx – Cable supplied, (1m, 5m or 10m)

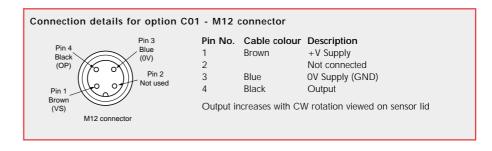
Option C01 – Series M12 screw locking receptacle to IEC 61076-2-101 (Ed.1) /IEC 60947-5-2 fitted to sensor body. Mating cabled sockets to be ordered separately.

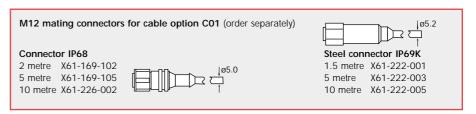
CONNECTING CABLE OPTIONS



If cable code option A00 is selected, no cable is supplied with the sensor. It is the responsibility of the customer to make connections to the sensor connector block contained under the lid. Loosen the three captive screws, remove the lid and feed the cable through the gland to make connections. Cable diameter should be 4 to 8mm diameter. Tighten gland nut to 4.2-4.7Nm torque to ensure seal integrity. Replace lid and tighten screws to 0.7-1.2Nm torque.







When connecting the sensor, care should be taken with the correct connections. The sensor is provided with indefinite reverse polarity protection and short circuit protection between output to GND, but if the outputs are connected to the supply this will result in device failure.

STT series installation and application notes

MOUNTING THE TILT SENSORS

STT280

See tilt sensor Dimensions on page 5.

The STT280 is designed to be mounted on a flat and smooth vertical surface by using 2 x M4 socket head cap screws and M4 washers to retain the mounting flange. The STT280 has two radial slots 4.5mm wide on a 38mm diameter PCD, with the slot length sufficient to allow $\pm 10^{\circ}$ offset during attachment.

The STT280 will be at approximate mid-span position when the cable outlet is vertically down. The mounting flange is fitted with stainless steel inserts around the mounting screw area to allow tightening and re-tightening without damage to the flange material. *Maximum recommended screw tightening torque is 2Nm*.

The STT280 measures the angle ø about the axis of rotation as shown in Fig.1. It is not a requirement that the sensor be mounted on the axis of rotation.

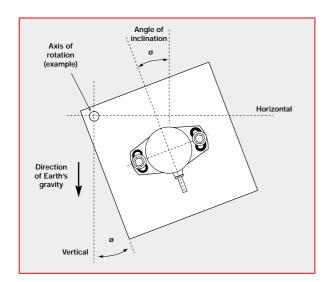


Fig.1 - Mounting orientation for STT280 and STT500 (STT280 shown)

STT500

See tilt sensor Dimensions on page 7.

The STT500 is designed to be mounted on a flat and smooth vertical surface by using 3 x M6 (or 1 /4 UNC) socket head cap screws and suitable washers to retain the mounting flange. The STT500 has three radial slots 6.5mm wide on a 76mm diameter PCD, with the slot length sufficient to allow $\pm 10^{\circ}$ offset during attachment. *Maximum recommended screw/bolt tightening torque is 5-6Nm*.

The STT500 will be at approximate mid-span position when the cable outlet (or connector) is vertically down.

The STT500 measures the angle \emptyset about the axis of rotation. It is not a requirement that the sensor be mounted on the axis of rotation. see Fig.1 above.

APPLIED VOLTAGES

The STT280 and STT500 can operate from a 5Vdc regulated or 8 - 30Vdc unregulated power supply

- At 5Vdc the sensor operates from a regulated supply in the range 4.75 to 5.25Vdc and provides a ratiometric output which is 80% of V supply over the selected full range angle of tilt, with 50% of V supply at 0° tilt. The ratiometric output means that any change in the supply voltage will show a proportional change in the output.
- Between **8-30Vdc** the sensor will operate from an unregulated supply in the range 8 to 30Vdc. This version has an internal voltage regulator and provides an output that is absolute and 0.5 to 4.5Vdc over the selected full range angle of tilt, with a nominal 2.5Vdc at 0° tilt. **Any variations in the supply voltage will not affect the output signal.**

The sensor circuit has a low supply current level of less than 6.5mA and has an over-voltage protection to 40Vdc.

When connecting the sensor, care should be taken when making your connections. The STT280 and STT500 are provided with indefinite reverse polarity protection and short circuit protection between output to GND, but if the output is connected to the supply it will result in device failure.

OUTPUT NOISE

The STT280 and STT500 both have a very low output noise level of less than 1mVrms

TILT SENSOR OUTPUT

MEMS tilt sensors are accelerometers and are linear with respect to the horizontal component of earth's gravity 'g'. When used as inclinometers or tilt sensors, they produce an output that is sine shaped and proportional to $1g \times \sin \emptyset$, where \emptyset is the angle of inclination relative to the 0g position.

Ideal Output Law - see Output Characteristics graph on page 5 and 7

The output of the STT280 and STT500 follows a specific output law, depending on the supply voltage.

5Vdc supply

Output (%Vs) = $V \text{ supply } x (k \times \sin \theta + 0.5)$

Nominal span over full range tilt is 80% of Vsupply

8-30Vdc supply

Output (Vdc) = $(5 \times k \times \sin \theta + 2.5)$

Nominal span over full range tilt is 4Vdc where ø is angle of inclination

and

 $k = 0.4619 \text{ for } \pm 60^{\circ} \text{ sensor}$

 $k = 0.8000 \text{ for } \pm 30^{\circ} \text{ sensor}$

k = 1.1695 for $\pm 20^{\circ}$ sensor

k = 2.3035 for $\pm 10^{\circ}$ sensor

The output can therefore be linearised by using a microcontroller (or other device) by calculating the offset required for each angle of inclination.

The STT280 and STT500 have a maximum deviation from ideal output law of $<\pm1\%$ of span. The output is a nominal 2.5Vdc at 0° tilt. Output increases as the sensor is rotated Clockwise (viewed on label) and decreases with Anti-clockwise rotation. See Fig.2

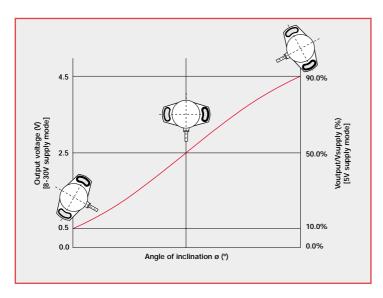


Fig. 2 - STT280 shown

CROSS-AXIS SENSITIVITY

The cross axis is the angle that the tilt sensor may be inclined away from the vertical position IN THE PLANE PERPENDICULAR TO the normal axis of rotation. The cross-axis sensitivity (<4%) shows how much perpendicular acceleration or inclination is coupled to the STT280 or STT500 output signal. For example, if the cross axis tilt is 10°, the added error due to cross-axis sensitivity is less than 0.04 x 10 = 0.4°. This value needs to be included when calculating output error.

ENVIRONMENTAL PERFORMANCE

STT280

The STT280 housing is manufactured using high strength corrosion resistant materials and is protected to IP68, with 2m submersion for 24 hours. It can operate in temperatures from -40 to $+125^{\circ}$ C (at 5Vdc), and has been tested to withstand a 3m drop onto concrete (maximum20,000g). The tilt sensor also conforms to BS EN 61000-4-3, with EMC Immunity to 100V/m.

STT500

The STT500 housing is manufactured using LM6 marine grade aluminium alloy and is protected to IP69K. It can operate in temperatures from -40 to +125°C (at 5Vdc), and has been tested to withstand a 3m drop onto concrete (maximum20,000g). The tilt sensor also conforms to BS EN 61000-4-3, with EMC Immunity to 100V/m.

By using a 3D-MEMS based sensor technology in the STT280 and STT500, this ensures a fit-and-forget installation with no moving parts that can deteriorate or wear.

LIMITATIONS OF USE

The STT280 and STT500 are designed for use in systems with a frequency response requirement of <=1.5Hz. It is not designed and cannot be used as an accelerometer unless used within the 1.5Hz maximum frequency response spectrum.



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Penny & Giles

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